

NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 20 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 (Act XVI of 1927) read with the Government of India in the late Ministry of States Notification No. 104-J, dated the 24th August, 1950 as amended, the Chief Commissioner of Tripura has been pleased to declare the Forest land comprising an area of 238.3 Sq. miles situate within Khowai, Kamalpur and Amarapur Sub-Divisions and described by the boundary limits as specified below a Reserved Forest to be called "Atharamura Kalijhari Reserved Forest" with effect from 10. 10. 61 :—

NORTH :—The artificial inter-State boundary approximately 2 miles in length towards west from the north-east corner of Khowai Sub-Division where the Sub-Divisional boundary between Khowai and Kamalpur Sub-Divisions meets the inter-State boundary and a line runs about 1 mile towards east from the northern-most limit of the common boundary between Khowai and Kamalpur Sub-Divisions ;

EAST :—the, line thereafter, takes the southerly direction and moves along the foot of the hills leaving as far as practicable cultivable wet-lands on the east, passes by Bhagabanpunji, Ramdulaltari, Jadrambari, Saralchandrabari and Girichandra para, meets Daluchara at pillar No. 1 of Kulai R. F. and then runs along up-stream of Daluchara that forms the northern and western boundary of Kulai R. F. upto Kaphelapara wherefrom the line taking the south-westerly direction meets the common boundary between Kamalpur and Khowai Sub-Divisions, thence it runs towards the south-eastern direction along the above mentioned Sub-Divisional boundary upto the source of Chamalchara, then it follows the same Chara till it meets Khowai river, crosses Khowai river and continues to run to the Southerly direction along the foot of the hills leaving the cultivable wet lands on the east, passes by Kalahapara, Metharaipara, Auliraipara and Kathinpara and meets Kalajarichara near Kalajari, then the line moves along Kalajarichara till it meets Paliardam, then it runs to southerly direction along the foot of the hills leaving as far as practicable the cultivable wet-lands on the east, passes by Meriabari crosses Gumti river near Kalidasbari, wherefrom the line runs to the south-easterly direction along the foot of the hills leaving as far as practicable cultivable wet-lands on the east, passes by Bhaktabari, crosses Chankpur Chara and ultimately meets the inter-State artificial boundary near Duduk Chara ;

SOUTH :—artificial inter-State boundary from the aforesaid place to Retumiabari ;

WEST :—and then the boundary line runs to the northerly direction from the Retumiabari along the foot of the hills leaving as far as practicable the cultivable wet-lands on the west, passes by Boghoban, Girichandrabari and Dhanyabari, moves along Rambhadra Chara upto Gumti river, then runs down along Gumti river about 1 mile, then the line leaving Gumti river again moves to the north-westerly direction along the foot of the hills leaving as far as practicable cultivable wet-lands on the west and passing by Bhaktabari, Khandi-raibari and Ramkumarbari, meets Mallakchara, wherefrom it runs along up-stream of Mallakchara, upto Kaskohari, wherefrom the line leaving the said Chara runs to the northerly direction along the foot of the hills leaving as far as practicable cultivable wet-lands on the west and passing by Jaithunga and Dewanraibari crosses Ampichara and then passing by Baraibari, Balkamanibari, Karjingraibari and Sakthayabari meets Khowai river and then moves along down-stream of Khowai river upto the junction of Baskarachara, follows along up-stream of Baskara Chara upto Sadhurambari, then leaving Baskara Chara the line runs along the foot of the hills to the northerly direction keeping as far as practicable cultivable wet-lands on the west, passes by Rajukabrabari, Sonachara, Badlabari and Ramkrishnabari, wherefrom it moves to the north-westerly direction upto Kuchia Chara, where the line turns to the northerly direction and continues to run along the foot of the hills leaving cultivable wet lands on the west, passes by Madhukunja, Gunkatu, Aitankur, Nutanbaraibari, Haludry, Padmaibari, Kalarambari, Jamadarbari, Pushraybari, Hopchari and Saruliabari and then ultimately meets the artificial inter-State boundary.

By order of the Chief Commissioner,
R. K. DEV VARMA
Secretary.